From the European Reference Network for Critical Infrastructure Protection (**ERNCIP**)...

## ...to the European Network for Critical Entity Resilience (ENCER)

**CERIS-ERNCIP** Event on Infrastructure Resilience

November 16<sup>th</sup>, 2023 - Brussels

#### Monica Cardarilli, Frédéric Petit, Stefano Ruberto & Georgios Valsamos

DG Joint Research Centre Directorate E: Space, Security and Migration Unit E.2: Technologies for Space, Security and Connectivity JRC-ERNCIP-OFFICE@ec.europa.eu



### Panel 3 - Infrastructure Resilience Research Perspective

This panel aims to share expertise and insights on how research can address the gaps and needs identified during the two first sessions and support the implementation of the CER directive.

#### > Outline

- General Introduction on moving from ERNCIP to ENCER
- Discussion with 4 panellists on three topics
- Dynamic and interactive discussion and Q&A with the audience



Video & Microphone OFF (Online Audience only)



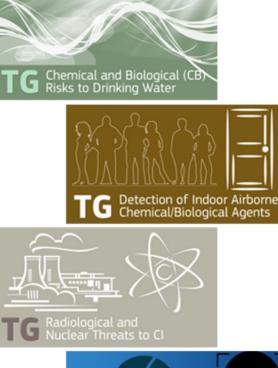
Q&A sessions:

- Microphones in the room
- Questions/comments via chat and to whom



### ERNCIP – mission, activities & groups

- Improve protection and resilience of critical infrastructures in Europe.
- Collaboration with critical infrastructure stakeholders.
- Thematic groups (TGs) fostering the development of innovative and competitive security solutions.
- Workshops, trainings and webinars to improve dissemination and raise awareness.







### ERNCIP – stakeholders & deliverables



- Guidance and best practices to infrastructure operators.
- Recommendations for standardization and research activities.
- Recommendations for policy actions.



### Paradigm shift

#### **COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2008/114/EC**

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	COUNCIL DIREC	TIVE 2008/114/EC	
	of 8 Dece	mber 2008	
	on the identification and designation of Europea need to improv	n critical infrastructures and the assess e their protection	ment of the
	(Text with I	EA relevance)	
1 fasti	COUNCI OF THE REPORTAN UNION. ng regard to the Treasy establishing the European munity, and in particular Article 305 thereof.	(EPCIP) and decided that it is huzare's approach while a terrorium as a priority. Under technological threas and ru taken into account in the critic processe, but the threat of a priority.	countering threats from this approach, man-made rural disasters should b al infrastructure protection
Havi	ng regard to the proposal from the Commission,		
	reg regard to the optimion of the European Parliament (3, regard to the optimion of the European Cantral Sank (3,	(4) In April 2007 the Council as EPCIP in which it reiterated responsibility of the Men arrangements for the protectiv within their national borders v of the Commission to develop the identification and design infrastructures (PCN) and the to improve likelit protection.	that it was the ultimat ber. States to manage n of critical infrastructure thile welcoming the effort a European procedure for ation of European critica
Whe	ITRS:	a mpost and proton	
(1)	In June 2004 the European Council adved for the proportion of an overall strategy to protect circular infra- structures. In response, no. 20 October 2004, the Commission adopted a Communication on critical histo- muture protection in the light against terrevien which put forward aggestions at so what would onhance European previous of, priparobased for earl represen- to tenneits attacks involving critical infrastructures.	(b) This Directive constitutes at approach to identify and des- need to improve their protect concentrates on the energy - should be reviewed with a vi- and the need to include other inter alta, the information and (ICT) sector.	gnate EOs and assess th on, As such, this Directly and transport sectors an ew to assessing its impace r sectors within its scop-
(2)	On 17 Knownfur 2005 the Commission adapted a Gron Paper on a European programme for critical infra- structure protection which provided policy options on the essiblishment of the programme and the Critical Infrattructure Warning Jeformation Network. The	(b) The primary and ultimate re BOs falls on the Member perators of such infrastructure	states and the owners/o
	repostes received to its Green 7aper empisised the added value of Community forwards, community and the original advancement of the second second the original advancement procession approximation of the relation of the second second second second second relationstates was advanced and the importance of the key renderski of subsidierly properiouslity and complementarity, as well as of statisticabler datagree was emphasized.	37 There are a certain number of the Community, the diarptic world have significant versi- include transformation of the from interdependencies betw attructures. Such Eds should be by means of a common pre- accurity requirements for said close types and a common mit schemes for comparation betw field of citcal infratructure p field of citcal infratructure.	n or destruction of which border impacts. This may exector effects resulting on incerconnected infra e identified and designates cedure. The evaluation of a infrastructures should be imrum approach. Bilaters area Member States in the
(3)	In December 200> the Justice and Home Affairs Council called upon the Commission to make a proposal for a European programme for critical infrastructure protection	established and efficient mea boundary critical infrastructur such cooperation, information nation of a particular infrast	ns of dealing with trans es. EPCIP should build or a pertaining to the design tuture as an ECI should
00	pinion of 10 July 2007 inst yet published in the Official Journalj. J C 116, 26.5.2007, p. 1.	be classified at an appropriat existing Community and Men	

Critical Infrastructures

#### **DIRECTIVE (EU) 2022/2557** & **Delegated REGULATION (EU)** 2023/2450

Critical	2. 333/144 20C Official Journal of the European Union 27.12.2022
Entities	DIRECTIVE (5U) 2022/357 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 14 December 2022 on the resilience of critical entities and repealing Council Directive 2008/j114/EC (Tex with EA relevance)
	THE EDBOPTAN PARIAMINE AND THE COLNCEL OF THE EDBOPTAN UNION,
	llaving regard to the Treasy on the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 114 thereof,
	Having regard to the proposal from the European Commission,
	After transmission of the draft legislative act to the national parliaments,
	) laving regard to the opinion of the Laropean Leonomic and Social Committee $\beta_{A}$
Resilience	Having regard to the opinion of the Committee of the Regions (9,
Resilience	Arring in accordance with the ordinary legislative procedure $\gamma_i$ ,
	Whereas
landscape rder effects	(1) Gitted entities, as providers of essential services, play an indepensible role in the maintenance of vital excitat functions or economic activities in the interval neariest in an increasingly introd-pendent. Using economy, it is therefore essential near our as throne formerowed with the aim of botted maintenance of economic electrics in the interval market by loging down harmonized minimum rules and assisting them by reaso of coherent and declared support and supervision measures.
n and	(4) Council Directive 2005/1144/C, il provides for a proceedure for designating improvem existed informations in the energy and transport sectors the identicity on elements of which would have a diplation consolvable inspect on a load trave. Moreover, the evaluation of Directive 2004/114/C council and 10/C c
	(1) 09(2) 264, 26, 2001, p. 170. (5) 0157(20) 270, 2012, p. 171, p.
ommunication	(c) Council Directive 2003(11.4)(FC of 8 December 2008 on the identification and designation of European critical infrastructures and the assessment of the need to improve their protection (6) (1.344, 23.42.2008, p. 75).



#### **Protection**

All Hazards & dynamic threats landscape >

- Interdependencies & cross-border effects >
- **Coherent approach with NIS2**  $\geq$
- Encourage the use of European and  $\geq$ international standards
- **Cross-border cooperation & communication**
- **Voluntary Information sharing**
- **Exchange of best practices**
- Etc.

### Forthcoming Directive Requirements

#### October 2024

- Repeal of Directive 2008/114/EC
- Member States shall adopt and publish the measures necessary to comply with Directive 2022/2557

#### > 2026

- Competent authorities shall carry out a risk assessment
- Each Member State shall identify the critical entities



### DG JRC Role

Provide scientific support to the implementation of the CER Directive

Creation of a pool of experts (ENCER) to

- Support the implementation of the CER directive
  - common risk assessment reporting template
  - non-binding guidelines and recommendations to identify CEs
- Support the provision of scientific advice to the CER group
- Support the activities of the European Programme for Critical Infrastructure Protection (EPCIP)



## For More Information



LinkedIn:

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JRC-ERNCIP-OFFICE@ec.europa.eu

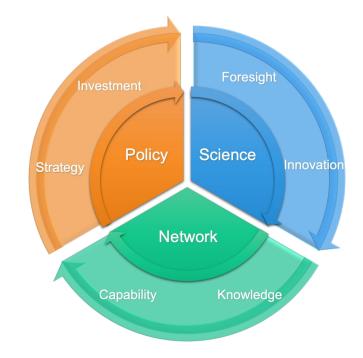


# Panel 3 – Infrastructure Resilience Research Perspective

- 4 panellists Thomas Maggos, Harri Toivonen, Rui Teixeira, and Aleksandar Jovanović
- > **3 Topics** (15 min each)
  - ✤ Topic 1 R&D to address research gaps and needs
  - Topic 2 Leveraging existing capabilities
  - ✤ Topic 3 Moving from ERNCIP to ENCER

#### > For each topic:

- Dynamic and interactive discussion!
- 10 min Q&A with participants





### Topic 1 – Research Needs

Support to CI stakeholders' needs?

> Research focus?

> Research priorities?

> Research as a service?



### Topic 2 – Leveraging Existing Capabilities

Existing projects / tools / capabilities?

Complex systems?

> All hazards?

> INFRA process?



### Topic 3 – from ERNCIP to ENCER

ERNCIP lessons learned?

> ENCER members?

ENCER role(s)?

> ENCER organization?

